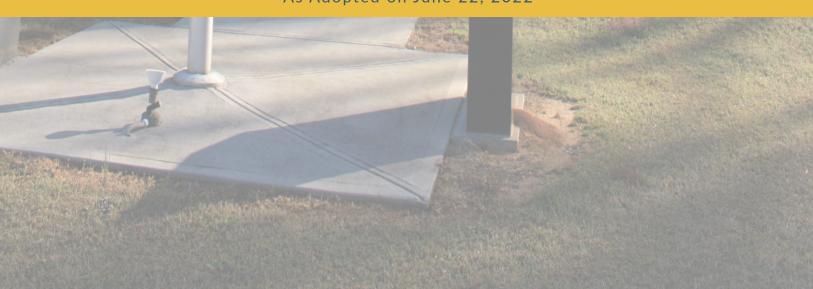


CITY OF

GOOD HOPE

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

As Adopted on June 22, 2022



PREPARED BY THE NORTHEAST GEORGIA REGIONAL COMMISSION



Contents

INTRODUCTION	4
VISION, GOALS, AND POLICIES	7
NEEDS AND OPPORTUNITIES	9
BROADBAND SERVICES	17
LAND USE	19
COMMUNITY WORK PROGRAM	21
APPENDIX	26

Acknowledgements

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INTRODUCTION

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A Comprehensive Plan is a community's guide for growth and improvement to public services, community resources, local policies, and the built environment. The Plan represents the preferred vision for the community's future and provides a tangible list of actions that the community is committed to undertaking to achieve that vision. It is intended to provide guidance to local elected officials on land use patterns, the existing needs of facilities and services, and the protection and enhancement of quality of life within the community.

The Plan seeks to establish the ground rules for how the community will develop and invest by asking three questions:

- Where are we now?
- Where do we want to be?
- How do we get there?

By considering current needs and existing opportunities, the plan provides a foundation for decision-making in support of achieving short- and long-term goals.

Process Overview

The Comprehensive Plan process follows the Rules of the Georgia Department of Community Affairs ("DCA"), O.C.G.A. Chapter 110-12-1, Minimum Standards and Procedures for Local Comprehensive Planning, effective October 1, 2018. The DCA rules require that the Comprehensive Plan of Good Hope consist of the following elements:

Needs and Opportunities

An analysis of the community's needs and opportunities helps to determine local conditions. Public engagement was used to identify existing issues, and opportunities on which the City can capitalize to address those issues.

Community Vision and Goals

Through public and steering committee engagement, the City's vision, goals, and policies are developed to determine the community's future direction. As a part of this component, policies are identified to assist in making decisions that are consistent with community goals.

Future Land Use

This section is required for any community that has a local zoning ordinance and assigns future land use categories by parcel. The map and narrative in this section will guide local elected officials on zoning and land use policy decisions. The intention is to influence growth and development throughout the community in consideration of existing development patterns, access to utilities and services, and community needs and goals.

Broadband Services

All communities require a broadband element to analyze available services and identify potential improvements. This element is an action plan with steps for promoting reasonable and cost-effective access to broadband.

Community Work Program

The final element of the comprehensive plan, the Community Work Program, outlines steps and strategies for achieving the community's goals and implementing its plans. The Work Program will include a Report of Accomplishments from a previous list of projects and a Short Term Work Program that identifies priority projects, timelines for implementation, responsible parties, and funding strategies for the next five years.

Public Involvement

Public Input and Steering Committee

The Comprehensive Plan update incorporated public involvement throughout. The planning process began with a public hearing and community input session on July 6, 2021, where the public was invited to discuss the assets and challenges found in the city and their hopes for its future. Following the initial public meeting, several publicly available work sessions were held with a Steering Committee, a group of citizens representing various communities and interests throughout the city. This Committee provided valuable feedback, guidance, and recommendations and served an integral role in developing a plan representative of the community's vision. In addition, an online public survey was available from September 14 through October 13, 2021. The online survey allowed the local government to receive a wider range of input than otherwise would have been possible. Responses were received from three residents of Good Hope, and these responses are provided in the appendix.

A final public hearing was held on May 12, 2022, before submittal of the plan to the DCA for review.

NEGRC's Role

The Northeast Georgia Regional Commission (NEGRC) Planning & Government Services Division oversaw the development of this plan, including facilitating public

involvement and input meetings.

Review Process

According to the DCA's rules for comprehensive planning, effective October 1, 2018, the City must transmit the plan to the NEGRC when all required components are complete. The transmittal must also include the community's certification that it has considered both the Regional Water Plan and the Rules for Environmental Planning Criteria. Once it completes its review, the NEGRC will forward the plan to the DCA for review.

Once the plan has been found by the DCA to be in compliance with Minimum Standards and Procedures, the approved Plan must be adopted in order to maintain Qualified Local Government status.

Data & Statistics

The facts, figures, and statistics used to develop the Plan were generated from data compiled throughout the planning process. The data and analyses were used to identify general trends, and provide a reliable quantitative context to describe existing conditions and assist in informing the recommendations and policies.





VISION STATEMENT

Good Hope is a small, rural town with a heart bigger than its limits. The city welcomes conservative, quality growth guided by planning and resident engagement. A strong community bond, sense of place, and supportive City framework provide a safety net for residents to access resources when needed. The centerpieces of the community are safe and attractive streets for all users, excellent service provision, and a beautiful, historic town center.

Goals and Policies

The goals and policies below are designed to help Good Hope elected officials and staff in decision-making processes. They target identified needs and opportunities from the previous section.

- Develop a comprehensive system of paths and trails for safe, healthy walking and bicycling, gathering, and community-building
- Preserve natural and cultural resources by concentrating commercial development in and around the town center and maintain large-lot residential characteristics
- Develop development guidelines to protect and coincide with existing historic resources
- Increase sense of community by creating creative outlets to educate and engage residents in local government operations and decision making
- Encourage healthy living by developing parks, playgrounds, passive and organized recreation opportunities, safe spaces for walking and bicycling, greenspace, and accessibility for all abilities and ages
- Anticipate and control impacts and opportunities associated with nearby growth, including traffic, development patterns, aesthetics, and functionality of space
- Work with other local governments throughout Walton County to achieve the vision of this plan
- Partner with Walton County to target public infrastructure in the manner favored by the community

CHAPTER 3

NEEDS AND OPPORTUNITIES

The following list of needs and opportunities were identified during a series of input meetings and an online survey, including both the Steering Committee and the public, as well as a professional analysis of relevant data. The list is intended to capture the most prescient needs that the community will have over the next five to ten years, in order to establish a set of goals the community can work toward achieving. Unless otherwise noted, all data are sourced from Esri's Business Analyst Software, which is based on the U.S. Census American Community Survey. Items are categorized into the following topics:

• Population, Community, and Governance • Economic Development • Planning, Land Use, and Housing • Transportation • Natural and Cultural Resources • Community Facilities and Services • Intergovernmental Coordination

Additional community statistics used in the local analysis to determine needs and opportunities and guide discussions during public input meetings can be found in the Appendix.

*High priorities within the community are italicized.

Population, Community, and Governance

The City of Good Hope, population 339, is a small community in the rural, eastern portion of Walton County. Although Good Hope is small, the surrounding Walton County area as a whole has grown by approximately 13,000 people every ten years since 2000, and a similar growth rate is expected over the next five years (Figure 1). Good Hope has experienced some suburban growth pressure on the northern periphery of city limits, and that may continue to be a factor throughout the rest of the city in the near future. However, the City's ordinance prohibiting residential development on lots less than two acres, combined with limits on infrastructure access, may limit the growth Good Hope experiences.

In spite of the area's growth, the median age of the area continues to increase. The median age of Walton County is expected to grow from 37.3 in 2010 to 40 by 2026 (Figure 2). An aging population can present challenges for a community including inadequate housing, transportation, and social opportunities for seniors. It can also be a sign that the community struggles to retain young people. General strategies for addressing these challenges include permitting a wider variety of housing types in

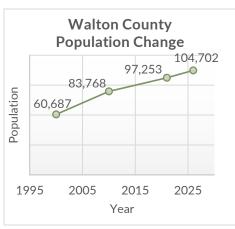


Figure 1. Walton County population over time, Census (2000 and 2010) and projected (2021 and 2016)

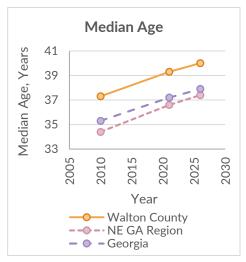


Figure 2. Median age of Walton County residents over time, compared with the Northeast Georgia Region and the state, Census (2010) and projected (2021 and 2026).

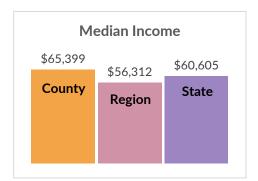


Figure 3. 2021 median income of Walton County, compared with the Northeast Georgia Region and the state.

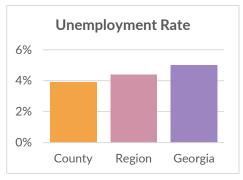


Figure 4. Unemployment rates for 2021 civilian population ages 16+ in Walton County, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the state.

central city areas, building walkable neighborhoods where people can travel without a personal car, and providing attractive places for people to gather.

The area's 2021 median income is \$65,399, which is higher than the region and state median incomes (Figure 3). However, the organization United for ALICE calculates the area's poverty rate at 12% and the ALICE rate at 37% in 2018 (United for ALICE). This is in line with the state average. ALICE stands for households that are Asset Limited, Income Constrained, and Employed. These households, according to United for ALICE, "earn enough to be above the Federal Poverty Level, but not enough to afford a bare-bones household budget." People in these households often work in the service industry and many were classified as "essential workers" during the COVID-19 pandemic. Although employed, these households are still in financially precarious conditions. Stabilizing these households can have a significant impact on lowering poverty in the community. Stabilizing these households can have a significant impact on lowering poverty in the community.

Good Hope's government is led by a Mayor and five-member City Council. City ordinances and minutes from the Council's monthly meetings are shared on the City's website, and the public may comment during the Council meetings. The City partners with Walton County for the provision of all services through the various County Departments.

Needs and opportunities identified through stakeholder input sessions and public surveys that relate to population, community, and governance are as follows:

Needs

 The City should seek opportunities to diversify its revenue stream; most of Good Hope's revenue comes from franchise fees and insurance programs due to the lack of municipal taxes.

Opportunities

- Use the Athens Technical College's Monroe campus to create educational attainment opportunities for residents.
- Develop a clear list of resources or an assistance network that the local government can provide for households in poverty.
- Improve citizen participation in and engagement with local government operations and events.

Economic Development

According to Esri's Business Analyst, Walton County area unemployment stands at 3.9%, which is lower than the regional and state average (Figure 4). The top industries in the area are Services (39%), Retail (14%), and Manufacturing (12%,

Figure 5). The workforce is primarily employed in jobs categorized as Professional (17%), Management/Business/Financial (16%), Administrative Support (14%), and Services (13%, Figure 6). About 56% of the workforce, over the age of 25, has a high school diploma, diploma equivalent, or some college credit, while 12% did not finish high school; 32% of the workforce population has a college degree (Figure 7). Generally, building a diverse local employment base helps people with a variety of credentials find work. Given that over half of the workforce does not have a college degree, the City should focus workforce training and economic development efforts on creating jobs that do not require a college degree. Also, the City should focus on improving skilled workforce training through resources such as the Athens Technical College campus in Monroe.

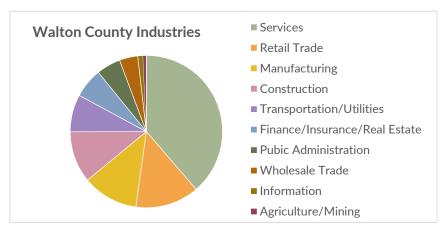


Figure 5. Walton County's 2021 employed population, ages 16+, by industry.



Figure 6. Walton County's 2021 employed population, ages 16+, by occupation.

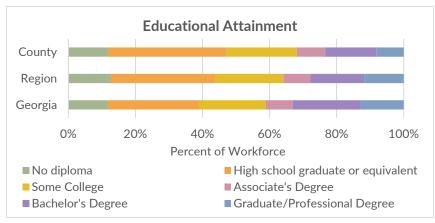


Figure 7. Workforce, ages 25+, by highest level of education attained, for Walton County, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the state, 2021.

Needs and opportunities identified through stakeholder input sessions and public surveys that relate to economic development are as follows:

Needs

 Good Hope retains a very low percentage of its employed population for jobs within city limits. To offer more local employment opportunities the limited presence of businesses need to be increased. The City should determine to what level this is desired.

Opportunities

- Capitalize on major private investments in the manufacturing sector underway along the Interstate 20 corridor; the proximity to this area will improve access to jobs for Good Hope residents.
- Create a unified vision, based upon the stated goals in this plan, of encouraging conservative growth in the city center that references and respects the community's natural and cultural resources.
- Participate with the Development Authority of Walton County to identify the most appropriate business types to attract for Good Hope.

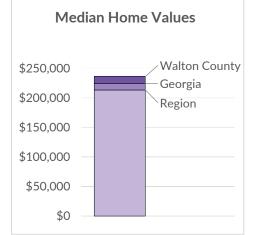


Figure 8. Median home values in Walton County, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the state, 2021.

Planning, Land Use, and Housing

Good Hope's housing stock, like most communities in the region and state, is mostly comprised of single-family houses. According to ESRI's Business Analyst, 85% of the overall area's housing stock is single-family houses, 7% is "Missing Middle" housing (2–19 unit structures), and 8% is mobile homes. The average household size is 2.82 people, and the median home value is \$236,000. The area's average home values are higher than regional and state averages (Figure 8). From 2015–2019,

median rent averaged \$744, which is higher than the median rent in the region, but lower than the state's median rent of \$804 (Figure 9). According to the Center for Neighborhood Technology's Housing + Transportation Index, the average Good Hope household spends 28% of their income on housing. A household that spends more than 30% of its income on housing is considered cost burdened. The vacancy rate stands at 7.5%, lower than the region's rate of 9.5% as well as the state's rate of 11.6%. This indicates that there is stronger demand for housing in the area than in other parts of the state, as would be expected, given the growth in Walton County. Nationally, household sizes are shrinking, and both seniors and young people may find that single-family housing does not meet their needs at a reasonable price point. Infrastructure permitting, Good Hope should consider a broader range of housing types near the town center that are sensitive to the existing historic buildings to ensure that current and future residents can meet their housing needs at an acceptable price.

Currently, new development is limited by a minimum of two acre lot sizes throughout the city, the extent of county water services, and lack of municipal sewer access. The City expects to continue their partnership with Walton County Water Department for services and do not plan to make significant amendments to the local zoning ordinance

Needs and opportunities identified through stakeholder input sessions and public surveys that relate to planning, land use, and housing are as follows:

Needs

- Regulations should be improved to require aesthetics reminiscent of historic town centers, and discourage residential tract development.
- The City should ensure that new construction avoids environmentally sensitive areas such as wetlands and floodplains.

Opportunities

- Review and amend the local zoning ordinance, as necessary.
- Address flooding issues of homes built within the 100-year floodplain.

Transportation

Good Hope's development pattern generally requires a vehicle for easy access to destinations. It is a town where residents mostly commute outside of city limits for work and services, similar to Walton County as a whole. In Walton County, about 60% of workers leave the county for work, 52% commute at least 30 minutes to work, and 18% commute over 60 minutes to work. Only 8% of workers commute less than ten minutes to work. Approximately, 82% of workers drove alone to their place of employment. This type of commuting pattern increases the cost of transportation on average. The Housing and Transportation Index estimates that the



Figure 9. Median monthly rent in Walton County, the Northeast Georgia Region, and the state, 2015–2019.

average Good Hope household spends 27% of their income on transportation. This far exceeds the affordability threshold of 15%. Generally, communities can address the conditions of long commutes by substituting local destinations for regional ones and by redesigning their streets for multi-modal use. The city expects to continue to act as a bedroom community for the larger area and not expand the road network extensively.

The Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) reports 51 crashes and zero fatalities in Good Hope from 2013–2020. Crashes are heavily concentrated on State Route 83, the main thoroughfare of the community. Specifically, the intersection of State Routes 83 and 186 saw the highest concentration of crashes of 25 over this period. State Route 83 carries approximately 3,000–4,000 vehicles daily with local leaders stating that traffic loads continue to increase. The corridor has some sidewalks and appears to be a good candidate for multi-modal infrastructure so that residents on the periphery of city limits can have safe and comfortable multi-modal access to the heart of the city. The City of Good Hope should work with the Georgia Department of Transportation and Walton County to redesign the city's two main corridors to create safe and comfortable complete streets with lower speed limits for recreational cyclists and pedestrians.

Needs and opportunities identified through stakeholder input sessions and public surveys that relate to transportation are as follows:

Needs

- Safety enhancements are needed along State Routes 83 and 186 for all user types.
- Improved signage for cyclists would be beneficial; Good Hope experiences significant recreational cycling use on weekends.

Opportunities

- Collaborate with GDOT and Walton County to address concerns and incorporate safety enhancements and new street designs to improve safety for all user types.
- Improve crosswalks at the city's central intersection.
- Add street design standards to the local ordinance.

Natural and Cultural Resources

Good Hope has a significant portion of undeveloped land as either open pasture or woodland. If development pressure materializes, a walkable, compact development pattern in the town center can slow the conversion of this rural land into suburban development.

There are a collection of historic buildings located in the town center. The city would like to explore opportunities for a local historic resource survey and a historic preservation commission that could oversee the preservation of local history and improve resident engagement with local government operations. City leadership stated the need to ensure new development match the character of historic buildings.

Needs and opportunities identified through stakeholder input sessions and public surveys that relate to natural and cultural resources are as follows:

Needs

• City leadership noted a need to assess the city's historic resources and determine the capacity to create a local historic preservation committee.

Opportunities

- Ensure quality growth practices through local ordinances to protect the town's rural setting.
- Create a strategy to preserve open, undeveloped space.

Community Facilities and Services

City residents rely on Walton County Parks and Recreation for recreational facilities and programs. The Mayor Jimmy Guthrie Memorial Park offers the public a playground and pavilion and it is connected to the sidewalk that runs along State Route 83.

Good Hope relies on Walton County for water services. The Walton County Water Department is responsible for all water infrastructure maintenance and development. Good Hope intends to maintain this agreement and expand services when and where necessary. Water capacity for the area will be greatly improved following the completion of the Hard Labor Creek water treatment plant in 2023. There are no sewer services available or planned within the town limits for the near future. Stormwater facilities are managed on a site-specific level and the local government has no plans to install community-wide stormwater infrastructure. All new commercial development will need to be compatible with septic systems and should require low water usage.

Needs and opportunities identified through stakeholder input sessions and public surveys that relate to community facilities and services are as follows:

Needs

- The City should develop a strategy to communicate community facilities to the public.
- There is a need for enhancing park amenities available to town residents;

Good Hope Park offers limited facilities that are only catered to small children. A more diverse set of recreational facilities could add to the quality of life for town residents.

Opportunities

- Include community facility information on the local government website.
- Continue collaboration with the Walton County Water Department for local infrastructure maintenance.

Intergovernmental Coordination

City elected officials maintain an active relationship with the other local governments throughout Walton County. Mayoral gatherings and collaboration with the various Walton County departments occur on a regular basis and are planned to continue. As with the development of this plan, Good Hope intends to provide a platform for informed decision making and effective government investment.

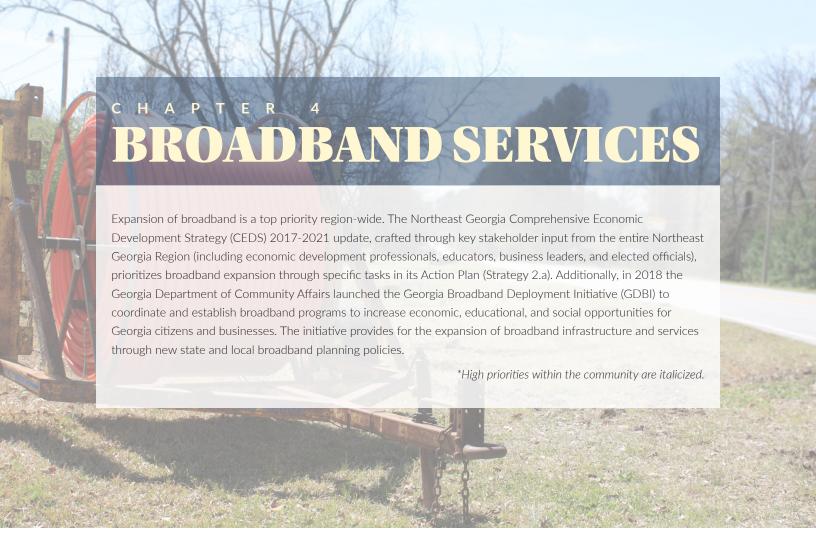
Needs and opportunities identified through stakeholder input sessions and public surveys that relate to intergovernmental coordination are as follows:

Needs

 Increased participation and collaboration between City Council members and residents is desirable, where possible.

Opportunities

- Facilitate more local groups and committees to engage with and learn from local government operations.
- Host annual public information sessions regarding town and county services, available either virtually through the City's website or in-person.



Existing Services

The Georgia Department of Community Affairs (DCA) considers Good Hope to be "served" by broadband with the exception of a few locations (Figure 10). The DCA defines "served" as a download speed of 25 Mbps and an upload speed of 3 Mbps. This speed may be sufficient for certain kinds of digital needs, it may not meet the speeds necessary for higher demand needs like streaming content or virtual learning. Walton County has received \$3,159,215 in grant funds from the Georgia Local Fiscal Recovery Fund, originating from the American Rescue Plan Act. This grant was submitted on behalf of Windstream, a broadband provider, and will enable an expansion of gigabit-speed broadband access to 2,078 unserved locations in the Walton County areas most lacking in connectivity. The total number of impacted locations will be 4,084 within the targeted project areas in Walton County. This expansion is expected to be complete by 2026 and intends to serve Good Hope entirely, once implemented. Currently, there are no options for free, publicly accessible Wi-Fi. Residents must travel to the Monroe library to access public broadband service. The City should explore options for upgrading service and offering public Wi-Fi, as necessary.

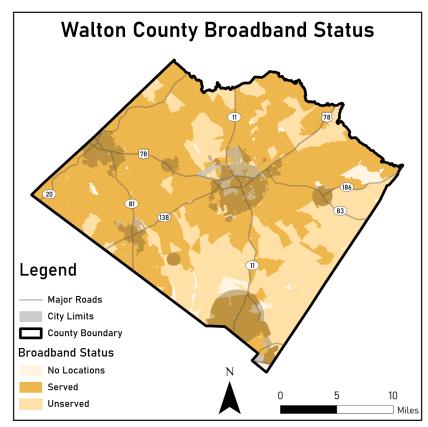


Figure 10. Broadband availability in Walton County, according to the Georgia Department of Community Affairs.

Currently, there are no options for free, publicly accessible Wi-Fi. Residents must travel to the Monroe library to access public broadband service. *The City should explore options for upgrading service and offering public Wi-Fi, as necessary.*

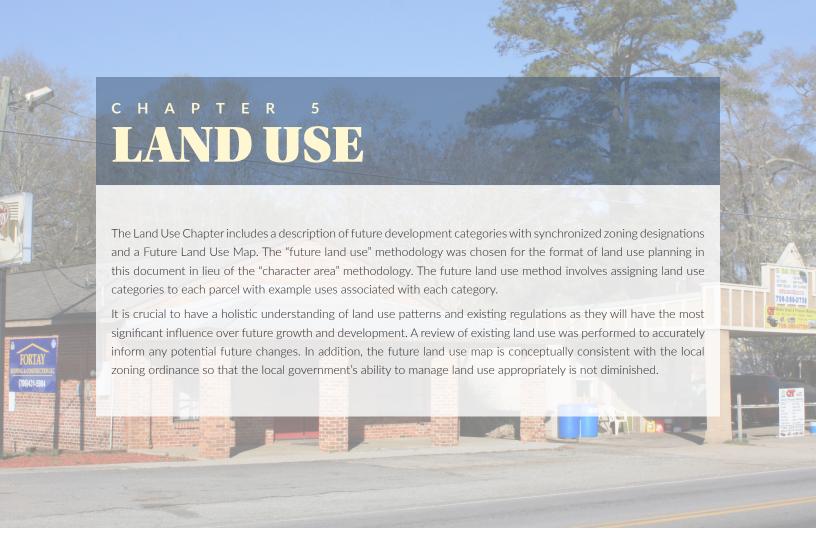
Needs and opportunities identified through stakeholder input sessions and public surveys that relate to broadband services are as follows:

Needs

 City officials should determine the necessary coordination with Walton County in regard to the broadband expansion initiative at the appropriate time.

Opportunities

• Become a Broadband Ready Community.



Future Land Use Categories

These future land use (FLU) categories correspond to the map that follows. While zoning and development regulations vary, FLU represents a standardized approach to envisioning and planning for desired scenarios. As such, it is natural that certain areas may appear to be inconsistent between the FLU and zoning maps because FLU presents a blueprint for what is to come.

Residential

Predominantly single-family homes. Certain civic and recreational uses are typically allowed.

Commercia

Retail, office space, and highway-commercial land uses, though small-scale neighborhood shops or offices may be desirable in certain places. Often restricted to nodes and arterial/major collector roads.

Industrial

Industrial land includes land dedicated to warehousing, wholesale trade facilities, manufacturing facilities, processing plants, factories, mining or mineral extraction facilities, or other similar uses.

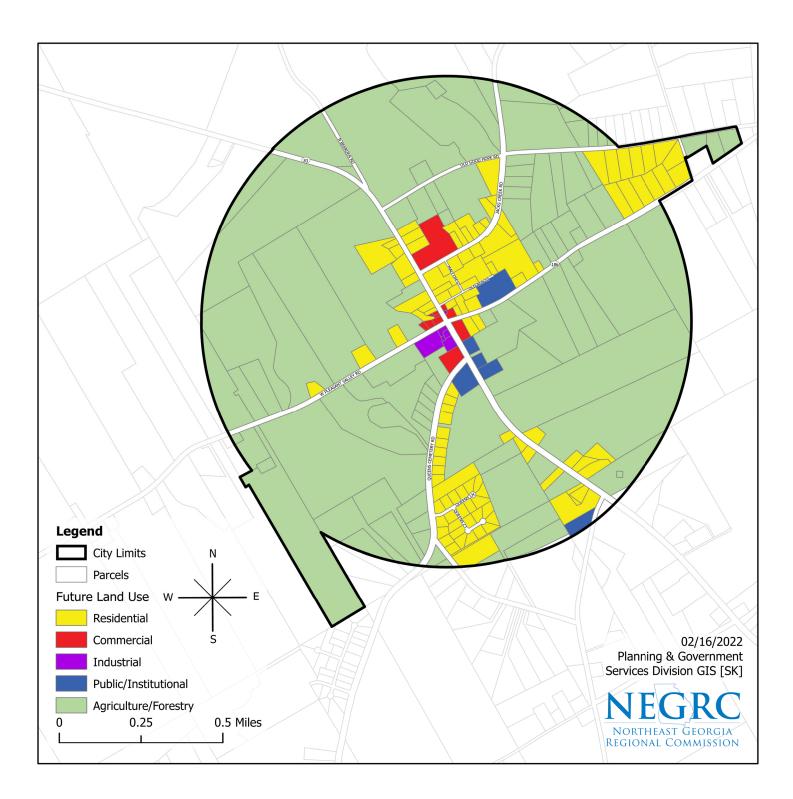
Public/Institutional

Federal, state, local, and institutional land uses. Uses such as government offices, public safety posts, libraries, schools, religious institutions, cemeteries, and hospitals are representative.

Agriculture/Forestry

Farms and timberland. Residential development should maintain a rural character with single-family detached homes on large lots.

Future Land Use Map





Report of Accomplishments (2017-2021)

(*Entries with an asterisk represent items carried over to the next Short-Term Work Program)

#	ACTIVITY	STATUS (COMPLETE, ONGOING, POSTPONED, CANCELLED)	NOTES
PO	PULATION		
1	Designate staff member or elected official to serve as public engagement officer to increase volunteerism and foster participation in local government activities (meeting notices, social media, etc.).	Completed	Two Council members update and post to Good Hope City and related social media accounts. Mayor maintains contact with local media and Chamber of Commerce.
2	Implement Model Councilmember program similar to City of Oxford (citizen shadows councilmember for a month).	Cancelled	Impractical with current Council make up due to day to day employment obligations – removed from new STWP.

#	ACTIVITY	STATUS (COMPLETE, ONGOING, POSTPONED, CANCELLED)	NOTES		
ECO	ONOMIC DEVELOPMENT				
3	Identify suitable locations (if any) for commercial development that is consistent with the community's vision and seek out developers and business owners (establishing a DDA or Main Street Program could be beneficial in assisting with this).	Postponed	Limited sites available for potential commercial development – determined current need does not necessitate establishment of a DDA/Main Street manager. Monitoring of suitable locations will continue through Good Hope Planning & Zoning – removed from new STWP.		
4	Install city gateway signage.	Completed			
5	Develop downtown plan for economic development, historic preservation, complete streets connectivity, tourism, etc.	Postponed	Town center planning will be inter-related historical overlay planning. Postponed until historic district overlay is established and adequate funding available to develop plan – removed from new STWP.		
LAI	LAND USE, HOUSING, AND DEVELOPMENT				
6	Review and, if appropriate, update zoning and development code to ensure that new development is compatible with the community's vision, especially regarding residential development and natural and cultural resource preservation.	Completed	Review completed, no updates are required at this time.		
7	*Develop historic district overlay for downtown area.	Postponed	Working to establish a citizens' Historic Preservation Board – revised and carried over to STWP #5		
8	Review land use ordinance for compatibility with Walton County's ordinance.	Completed	Planning & Zoning will continue to perform this on an annual basis for the foreseeable future – removed from new STWP		
NA	TURAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES				
9	Establish a tree-planting program.	Completed			
со	MMUNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES				
10	*Research, evaluate, and implement alternative revenue sources in place of municipal tax collections.	Ongoing	This is an evolving process, bringing new and additional grants and other resources into play – intended as a continuing effort; revised and carried over to STWP #6		

(continued on next page)

#	ACTIVITY	STATUS (COMPLETE, ONGOING, POSTPONED, CANCELLED)	NOTES
11	Develop infrastructure and services master plan(s) for	Ongoing	A partner in Service Delivery Strategy with other
	water, sewerage, recreation, transportation, aging-		Cities and County – since many of these services
	related assistance, etc.		are provided by Walton County, this item will
			be accomplished through various continuing
			collaborative planning efforts between local
			government leadership; Item not carried over to new STWP
12	*Improve drainage along Jacks Creek Rd.	Ongoing	Referred to Walton county Roads and Bridges –
			City is currently in discussion with Walton County
			departments to determine mitigation strategies for
			flooding issues; carried over to STWP #8
13	Develop City Park master plan for facility and programming.	Completed	
14	Construct new walking path.	Completed	
15	Study the viability of and, if appropriate, implement	Completed	Implementation of a complementary event
	a complementary event to the Poppy Festival (at		determined to be not viable at this time.
	another time of year or in concert).		
16	Prepare for emergencies by establishing a volunteer	Completed	Good Hope residents attended Walton County EMA
	response unit and participating in countywide disaster		CERT training. Additional training opportunities will
	planning.		be made available annually and advertised by the
			City; planned as ongoing item and removed from new STWP
TRA	ANSPORTATION		
17	Develop a local complete streets and trails plan.	Completed	
18	*Develop a plan (formal or informal) to improve local	Ongoing	Currently monitoring GDOT information and
	impact on decisions regarding SR83 and SR186.		attending advertised meetings. Working to develop
			relationship with state, area, and local DOT offices -
			revised and carried over to STWP #9
19	Establish a preventive road maintenance schedule and	Ongoing	Frequent visual inspections of streets and roads
	program.		inside the city limits and referral to County or State
			for appropriate action– planned an ongoing work
			item and removed from new STWP
20	Prioritize transportation needs for inclusion in future	Ongoing	T-SPLOST voted down.
	community and regional plans (ex.: SPLOST and		Needs are to be reevaluated and identified as city
	T-SPLOST).		grows and during upcoming Northeast Georgia
			Regional Plan update process – planned as ongoing
			work item and removed from STWP
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Short-Term Work Program (2022–2026)

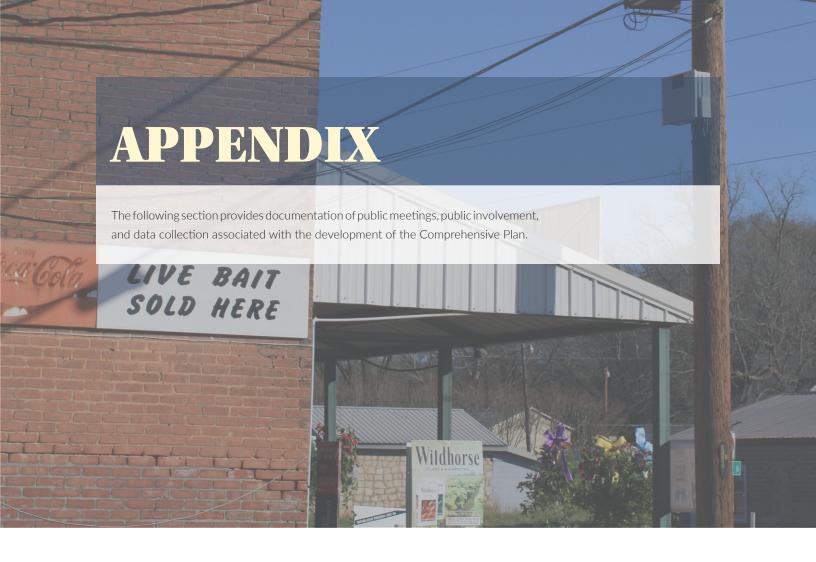
(*entries with an asterisk represent carryover items from the previous Short-Term Work Program)

#	ACTIVITY	TARGET OF COMPLETION	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	COST ESTI- MATE	FUNDING SOURCE
EC	ONOMIC DEVELOPMENT				
1	Identify suitable locations for commercial development that is consistent with the community's vision.	2024	City Council	N/A	N/A
2	Create an economic development strategy in coordination with the Walton County and the Development Authority of Walton County.	2023	City Council	N/A	N/A
PLA	ANNING, LAND USE, AND HOUSING				
3	Work with affected residents and Walton County Water Department to mitigate residential flooding issues.	2023	City Council	N/A	N/A
NA	TURAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES				
4	Conduct a historic resource survey.	2023	City Council	\$15,000	General Fund, Grants
5	*Create a local historic preservation commission or historic district zoning overlay.	2025	City Council	\$5,000- \$10,000	General Fund, Grants
со	MMUNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES				
6	*Evaluate and implement alternative revenue sources to municipal tax.	2026	City Council	N/A	N/A
7	Incorporate community facility information on the local government website.	2023	City Council	N/A	N/A
TR	ANSPORTATION				
8	*Improve drainage along Jacks Creek Rd.	2024	City Council, Walton County Roads and Bridges	TBD	County Funds
9	*Schedule work session with the Georgia Department of Transportation and Walton County to discuss traffic safety enhancements for Hwy-83 and Hwy-186 corridors.	2023	City Council	N/A	N/A
10	Create a strategy for improved bicycle signage for roads heavily used by recreational cyclists.	2024	City Council	\$5,000	Local Funds, County Funds, Grants
BR	OADBAND SERVICES				
11	Adopt the DCA model broadband ordinance.	2023	City Council	N/A	N/A
12	Apply for Broadband Ready Community designation.	2024	City Council	N/A	N/A

(continued on next page)

COMMUNITY WORK PROGRAM

#	ACTIVITY	TARGET OF COMPLETION	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	COST ESTI- MATE	FUNDING SOURCE	
INT	INTERGOVERNMENTAL COORDINATION					
13	Maintain communication with Walton County Water	Annual	City Council	N/A	N/A	
	Department and Public Works for infrastructure					
	maintenance needs.					



Public Hearing 1 Documentation

July 6, 2021, Monroe, GA, during the Walton County Board of Commissioners Monthly Meeting

Walton County Board of Commissioners Monthly Meeting July 6, 2021 6:00 P.M.					
Printed Name Patrice Brughton Keith Cray Debra Clay Jedy Carter Res Surt Michael Harl(Melissia Rusk Hydrea Taylor Daniel Russett Luca Shango Caller Mour Chal Foster Lagle Foster Charles Foster Krist Pair Melanie Britt Steen, Bont	Printed Name Malaker Klubbard Lasy East the Miller Tony Flander Kerald Almar James Complete Miller River Chustus Rivers John Manna John Manna				

Walton County Board of Commissioners Monthly Meeting July 6, 2021 6:00 P.M.					
Printed Name	Printed Name				
Judy Lovell	Darren Schwiehs				
Tody Taken	thgete McLewell				
Dan Jadan					
Dana Kusses					
Esse Tale					
John allman					
ROBERT POST					
Jenst White					
Bur Marte					
David Clemons					
Men MArtinez					
CARO					
Stack Brown					
Brian Linkous					
Casga Ji Alh					
Scot Stilly					

The Walton Tribune Call:	Public 8010 Notice NOTICE OF	fied	are	her a pe	tition	was	<u>n</u>	
WANTED		Za.	route	8	4	80 Sc	oft, kn	it
LABORER	8951			girl in Saling		fabrics 81 Herr von		
SIMS PAVING Must have valid DL. FT or PT available Call 770-267-5814 or 404-401-1068 HELP WANTED Simmeron Park Looking for Laborer	PUBLIC NOTICE: Walton County, Between, Good Hope, Jersey, Loganville, Monroe, Social Circle, and Walnut Grove an- nounce a Public Hear- ing for the beginning of the comprehensive planning process at Ju- ty 6, 2021 at 6:00 p.m.	35 39 41 45 49	story Swift felline "Have a Heart" singer Bonnie Total up again People giving accounts Many Bosnians Socratic "T"		er	Bismarck 82 She admire the Man of Steel 83 Perfurne ingredient 85 Suffix with meth- 86 Soothing additives 88 Like needle with fibers through the		
Good Wages & Good Hours	at 111 South Broad Street, Monroe, Geor-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
If interested email	gia. The purpose of the	21		1		1		
simspaving@	Public Hearing is to brief the community on	23	1		1	1	T	1
windstream.net	the planning process	25	+	+	+	+	+	
	and opportunities for	30	-			1		3:
HELP WANTED	public participation therein.			138		1		3
HELF WANTED	21PV7400.646	35		1	36	37	38	

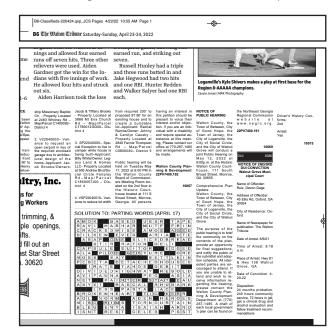
	(770) 267-1301 FAX:(770) 267-1400 www.waltoncountyga.gov
BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS	L.
rk, Walton County Board of Commission rue and correct copies of the following:	ters, do hereby certify that
the Walton County Board of Commission	ers meeting on July 6,
10 5 2021 Date	
NT	
or Walton County and Cities	7
held a required public hearing an for Walton County, Between ut Grove. The purpose of the he ess and opportunities for public	, Good Hope, Jersey, Loganville, earing was to brief the
	rk, Walton County Board of Commission we and correct copies of the following: the Walton County Board of Commission JB 5 zozz Date NT or Walton County and Cities theld a required public hearing an for Walton County, Between ut Grove. The purpose of the he

Public Hearing 2 Documentation

May 12, 2022, Monroe, GA, at the Historic Walton County Courthouse, 111 South Broad Street, Monroe, GA 30655

	Walton County Joint Comprehensive Plan Updat Public Hearing #2: May 12, 2022 – 6:00 p.m Historic Walton County Courthouse, 111 South Broad Street, Monroe, G.				
NAME	TITLE	EMAIL			
Larbara Schlageter	assistant City Clerk	Dschlageter D social circle ga. gov			
Jamie Penny	U	3 3			
Gene Pern					
ROSPICT Rost	Mayor	betweengamayor egmail.com			
Pancy Gamet	Mayon	tours of och you windstreen vet			
Dr. Monica Fenso		monica. Henson. monvega Ocutlook. com			
Janen + Dougt a	while second	2100 hawk@ quail.com			
MARK BEATTY	NEGIRC PGS Director	mbeaty @negro.org			
Dessa Morris	Dev. Authority	dessa morrise gmail com			
En Tay or	C. Monayo S				

Public Hearing Advertisement - Walton Tribune, April 24, 2022



Public Involvement

Public Input Meeting #1

Walton County Com	prehensive Plan Mee	eting At	tendee	S
Summary				
Meeting Date	Meeting Duration	Number of	Attendees	Meeting ID
August 11, 2021 2:20 PM EDT	70 minutes		14	652-041-493
Details				
Name	Email Address	Join Time		Leave Time
Barbara Schlageter	bschlageter@socialcirclega.com	ı	2:21 PM	3:30 PM
Bob Post			2:23 PM	3:30 PM
Charna Parker			2:20 PM	3:30 PM
City of Loganville			2:23 PM	3:30 PM
Eric Taylor			2:28 PM	3:30 PM
JOHN HOWARD	jhoward@MONROE.local		2:20 PM	3:30 PM
John Devine			2:26 PM	3:30 PM
Logan Propes			2:24 PM	3:30 PM
Mark Beatty	pgsassist@negrc.org		2:29 PM	3:30 PM
Mayor Mark Moore	mayor@cityofwalnutgrove.com		2:22 PM	3:30 PM
NEGRC Presentation	pgsassist@negrc.org		2:20 PM	3:30 PM
Noah Roenitz	pgsassist@negrc.org		2:22 PM	3:30 PM
Randy Garrett			2:25 PM	3:30 PM
Randy Garrett			2:20 PM	2:24 PM
Sadie krawczyk			2:49 PM	3:30 PM

Public Input Meeting #2

Walton County Comprehensive Plan Meeting #2 Attendees				GoToMeeting	
Summary					
Meeting Date	Meeting Duration	Number of Attendees	Meeting ID		
September 27, 2021 9:52 AM	M EC87 minutes	9	610-948-333		
Details					
Name	Email Address	Join Time	Leave Time	Time in Session (minutes)	
+17703661240		10:55 AM	10:57 AN	I 1	
Barbara SCHLAGETER	bschlageter@socialcirclega.gov	9:57 AN	1 11:20 AM	l 82	
Bob Post		9:52 AN	1 11:20 AM	I 87	
Eric Taylor		9:59 AN	1 11:19 AN	I 80	
Mark Beatty	pgsassist@negrc.org	9:52 AN	1 11:20 AM	I 87	
Mark Moore	mark@moorebus.com	9:56 AN	11:20 AM	I 83	
Randy Garrett		9:52 AN	1 11:20 AM	I 87	
Sadie Krawczyk		9:57 AN	1 11:20 AM	l 82	
Stephen Jaques	pgsassist@negrc.org	9:55 AN	1 11:20 AM	l 84	

Public Involvement (cont.)

Public Input Meeting #3

Walton County Comprehensive Plan Update Input Meeting #3 – Mayoral Luncheon: December 17, 2021 – 11:00 a.m. 185 M.L.K. Jr Blvd, Monroe, GA 30655			
NAME	TITLE	EMAIL	
Mark Beatty	NEGRC Senior Community Planner	Mbeatty@negrc.org	
Robert Post	Mayor, Town of Between	betweengamayor@gmail.com	
Randy Garrett	Mayor, Town of Good Hope	townofgoodhope@windstream.net	
Randy Carithers	Mayor, City of Jersey	randycarithers@bellsouth.net	
Rey Martinez	Mayor, City of Loganville	rmartinez@loganville-ga.gov	
John Howard	Mayor, City of Monroe	jhoward@monroega.gov	
David Keener	Mayor, City of Social Circle	dkeener@socialcirclega.gov	
Mark Moore	Mayor, City of Walnut Grove	mayor@cityofwalnutgrove.com	

Public Input Meeting #4

Walton County Comprehensive Plan Update Input Meeting #4 – Water and Sewer Infrastructure: January 5, 2022 – 10:00 a.m. Virtual Meeting			
NAME	TITLE	EMAIL	
Mark Beatty	NEGRC Senior Community Planner	Mbeatty@negrc.org	
Robert Post	Mayor, Town of Between	betweengamayor@gmail.com	
Randy Garrett	Mayor, Town of Good Hope	townofgoodhope@windstream.net	
Tim Prater	Planning Director, City of Loganville	tprater@loganville-ga.gov	
Robbie Schwartz	Media Relations / Project Development	rschwarz@loganville-ga.gov	
	Administration, City of Loganville		
Sadie Krawczyk	Economic Development Director, City of	SKrawczyk@monroega.gov	
	Monroe		
Barbara Schlageter	Assistant City Clerk/Planning & Zoning	bSchlageter@socialcirclega.gov	
	Administrator, Social Circle		
Eric Taylor	City Manager, Social Circle	ETaylor@socialcirclega.gov	
Jay Link	Social Circle Public Works	JLink@socialcirclega.gov	
Mark Moore	Mayor, City of Walnut Grove	mayor@cityofwalnutgrove.com	
Morris Jordan	Director, Walton County Water Department	Morris.jordan@co.walton.ga.us	
Shane Short	Walton County Development Authority	shane@choosewalton.com	
Charna Parker	Planning Director, Walton County	cparker@co.walton.ga.us	

Public Involvement (cont.)

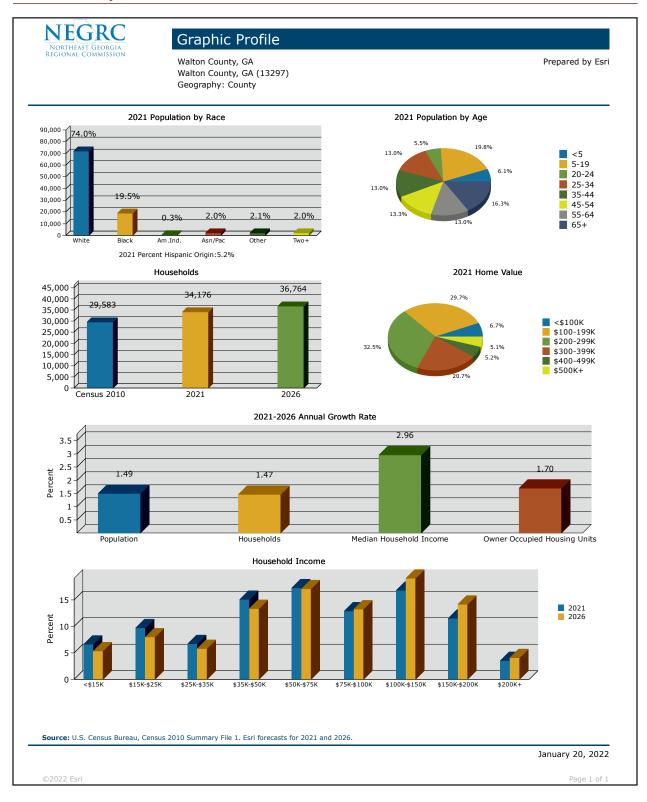
Public Input Meeting #5

Walton County Comprehensive Plan Update Input Meeting #5 – Parks and Recreation: February 4, 2022 – 10:00 a.m. Virtual Meeting			
NAME	TITLE	EMAIL	
Mark Beatty	NEGRC Senior Community Planner	Mbeatty@negrc.org	
Robert Post	Mayor, Town of Between	betweengamayor@gmail.com	
Randy Garrett	Mayor, Town of Good Hope	townofgoodhope@windstream.net	
Tim Prater	Planning Director, City of Loganville	tprater@loganville-ga.gov	
Robbie Schwartz	Media Relations / Project Development Administration, City of Loganville	rschwarz@loganville-ga.gov	
Sadie Krawczyk	Economic Development Director, City of Monroe	SKrawczyk@monroega.gov	
Barbara Schlageter	Assistant City Clerk/Planning & Zoning Administrator, Social Circle	bSchlageter@socialcirclega.gov	
Eric Taylor	City Manager, Social Circle	ETaylor@socialcirclega.gov	
Mark Moore	Mayor, City of Walnut Grove	mayor@cityofwalnutgrove.com	
Kristi Parr	Assistant Director Walton County Planning & Development	kparr@co.walton.ga.us	
Charna Parker	Director Walton County Planning & Development	cparker@co.walton.ga.us	
Stephen Jacques	NEGRC Project Specialist	SJacques@negrc.org	
Carol Flaute	NEGRC Community Planner	CFlaute@negrc.org	

Online Public Survey and Story Map: Available from 9/14/21 to 10/13/21



Community Data



REGIONAL COMMISSION	Walton County, GA Walton County, GA (13297)	Prepared by Esi
	Geography: County	Walton County
Population Summary		
2000 Total Population		60,687
2010 Total Population		83,768
2021 Total Population		97,253
2021 Group Quarters		791
2026 Total Population		104,702
2021-2026 Annual Rate		1.49%
2021 Total Daytime Population		85,344
Workers		32,424
Residents		52,920
Household Summary		21 202
2000 Households		21,307
2000 Average Household Size		2.82
2010 Households 2010 Average Household Size		29,583 2.81
2010 Average Household Size 2021 Households		34,176
2021 Average Household Size		2.82
2021 Average Household Size		36,764
2026 Average Household Size		2.83
2021-2026 Annual Rate		1.47%
2010 Families		22,921
2010 Average Family Size		3.19
2021 Families		26,105
2021 Average Family Size		3.23
2026 Families		27,957
2026 Average Family Size		3.24
2021-2026 Annual Rate		1.38%
Housing Unit Summary		
2000 Housing Units		22,500
Owner Occupied Housing Unit		72.5%
Renter Occupied Housing Unit		22.2%
Vacant Housing Units		5.3%
2010 Housing Units		32,435
Owner Occupied Housing Unit		68.8%
Renter Occupied Housing Unit		22.4%
Vacant Housing Units		8.8% 36,948
2021 Housing Units		69.4%
Owner Occupied Housing Unit Renter Occupied Housing Unit		23.1%
Vacant Housing Units		7.5%
		39,668
2026 Housing Units Owner Occupied Housing Unit		70.3%
Renter Occupied Housing Unit		22.3%
Vacant Housing Units		7.3%
Median Household Income		71070
2021		\$65,399
2026		\$75,656
Median Home Value		
2021		\$236,432
2026		\$268,030
Per Capita Income		
2021		\$29,350
2026		\$33,143
Median Age		
2010		37.3
2021		39.3
2026		40.0
Persons in families include the househo all persons aged 15 years and over div		a Income represents the income received by
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2	010 Summary File 1. Esri forecasts for 2021 and 2026 Esri converted Census 2000 data	a into 2010 geography. January 20, 2022

Walton County, GA (12397) Geography: County Walton County, GA (12397) Geography: County Walton County Total S3,764 S1,764	NEGRC NORTHEAST GEORGIA REGIONAL COMMISSION	Community Profile	
100 100	Regional Commission	Walton County, GA (13297)	Prepared by Esr
Total	2010 Population by Age		Walton County
10 - 14			83,768
10 - 14 1.28 1.28 1.28 1.28 1.28 1.28 1.28 1.28	0 - 4		6.9%
15 - 24	5 - 9		7.6%
25 - 34 35 - 44 46 - 54 47 - 55 - 64 47 - 78 - 84 58 - 74 78 - 84 59 - 74 78 - 84 78 - 78 - 78 - 78 - 78 - 78 - 78 - 78 -	10 - 14		7.8%
35 - 44 45 - 54 46 - 54 47 - 58 48 - 5	15 - 24		12.6%
45 - 54	25 - 34		11.8%
55 - 64 11.6% 65 - 74 3.5% 75 - 84 3.5% 85 + 1.4% 18 + 73.0% 2021 Population by Age 5.79 0 - 4 6.5% 10 - 14 6.5% 15 - 24 13.0% 25 - 34 13.0% 35 - 44 13.0% 45 - 54 13.3% 55 - 64 13.3% 65 - 74 10.0% 75 - 84 4.7% 85 + 1.5% 10 - 1 6.5% 10 - 1 6.5% 11 - 1 6.5% 12 - 2 1.5% 13 - 3 1.5% 15 - 24 1.5% 10 - 1 6.5% 15 - 2 1.1 10 - 1 6.5% 15 - 2 1.1 25 - 3 1.1 35 - 4 1.2 45 - 5 1.2 45 - 5 1.2 45 - 5 1.2 45 - 5 1.2 45 - 5 1.2	35 - 44		14.9%
65 - 74 75 - 84 85 + 1.44 18 + 73.04 85 + 1.44 18 + 73.07 Total 97,255 10 - 4 6.14 5 - 9 6.614 10 - 14 6.59 15 - 24 11.39 35 - 44 11.39 45 - 54 13.39 45 - 54 13.39 55 - 64 13.39 65 - 74 10.04 85 + 1.59 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 10 - 14 6.99 11 - 24 11.39 11 - 24 11.39 11 - 24 11.39 11 - 25 - 34 11.39 11 - 25 - 34 11.39 11 - 24 11.39 11 - 25 - 34 11.39 11 - 25 - 34 11.39 11 - 24 11.39 11 - 25 - 34 11.39 12 - 25 - 34 11.39 13 - 25 - 34 11.39 13 - 25 - 34 11.39 14 - 25 - 34 11.39 15 - 25 - 34 11.39 15 - 25 - 34 11.39 16 - 25 - 34 11.39 17 - 25 - 34 11.39 18 - 25	45 - 54		14.7%
75 - 84	55 - 64		11.6%
85 + 1.4% 1.4% 1.4% 1.4% 1.4% 1.4% 1.4% 1.4%	65 - 74		7.1%
18 + 73.0% 2021 Population by Age 97,253 Total 6.1% 5 - 9 6.6% 10 - 14 6.5% 15 - 24 13.3% 25 - 34 13.0% 45 - 54 13.3% 55 - 64 13.0% 65 - 74 10.0% 75 - 84 4.7% 85 + 1.5% 18 + 76.4% 2026 Population by Age 10.0% Total 6.0% 5 - 9 5.5% 10 - 4 6.0% 5 - 9 5.5% 10 - 14 6.5% 15 - 24 12.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 35 - 44 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.4% 55 - 64 12.2% 65 - 74 10.1% 75 - 84 6.1% 85 + 10.1% 18 + 76.6% 2010	75 - 84		3.5%
Total 97,255 0 - 4 6.1% 5 - 9 6.6% 10 - 14 6.9% 15 - 24 11.3% 25 - 34 13.0% 35 - 44 13.3% 55 - 64 13.3% 55 - 64 10.0% 75 - 84 1.5% 18 + 1.5% 18 + 1.5% 10 - 4 6.0% 5 - 9 6.5% 10 - 14 6.9% 15 - 24 11.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 35 - 44 12.3% 45 - 59 6.5% 10 - 14 6.9% 15 - 24 11.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 35 - 44 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 1.2.3%	85 +		1.4%
Total 97,255 0 - 4 6.1% 5 - 9 6.6% 10 - 14 6.9% 15 - 24 11.9% 25 - 34 13.0% 35 - 44 13.0% 65 - 74 10.0% 75 - 84 1.5% 85 + 1.5% 18 + 76.4% 2026 Population by Age 10.0% Total 104,70% 5 - 9 6.5% 10 - 14 6.5% 15 - 24 11.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 35 - 44 12.3% 45 - 54 12.2% 45 - 54 12.2% 45 - 54 12.2% 45 - 54 12.2% 45 - 54 12.2% 45 - 54 12.2% 45 - 54 12.2% 45 - 54 12.4% 45 - 54 12.4% 45 - 54 12.4% 47 - 58 12.4% 48 - 59 12.4% 48 - 59	18 +		73.0%
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10 - 14			
11.24 25 - 34 25 - 34 35 - 44 31.304 45 - 54 31.304 55 - 64 31.304 65 - 74 30 - 4.76 85 + 1.56 11.57 18 + 76.47 2026 Population by Age Total 104,707 0 - 4 6.09 5 - 9 6.59 10 - 14 6.99 11 - 14 6.99 11 - 24 1.39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 25 - 34 1.2,39 26 - 37 - 38 1.2,39 27 - 38 1.3,39 28 - 38 1.3,39 28 - 38 1.3,39 28 - 38 1.3,39 28 - 38 1.3,39 28 - 38 1.3,39 28 1.3,39 29 1.3,39 20 1.3,39			
25 - 34 13.0% 35 - 44 13.0% 45 - 54 13.0% 45 - 54 13.0% 55 - 64 13.0% 75 - 84 10.0% 75 - 84 15.5% 15.5			
35 - 44 45 - 54 55 - 64 13.0% 65 - 74 10.0% 75 - 84 4 - 7% 85 + 1.5% 18 + 76.4% 2026 Population by Age Total 104,702 0 - 4 6.0% 5 - 9 6.5% 10 - 14 6.5% 15 - 24 11.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 45 - 54 12.4% 55 - 64 12.9% 65 - 74 10 - 14 13.5% 45 - 54 12.4% 75 - 84 6.1% 85 + 12.4% 75 - 84 6.1% 75 - 84 6.5% 75 - 84 6.5% 76 - 74 10 - 4% 75 - 84 6.5% 76 - 74 10 - 4% 75 - 84 6.5% 76 - 74 10 - 4% 75 - 84 6.5% 76 - 74 10 - 4% 75 - 84 6.5% 76 - 74 10 - 4% 75 - 84 6.5% 76 - 74 10 - 76 85 - 77 10 - 76			
45 - 54 13.3% 55 - 64 110.0% 65 - 74 10.0% 75 - 84 47% 85 + 1.5% 18 + 76.6% 2026 Population by Age Total 104,702 0 - 4 6.0% 5 - 9 6.5% 10 - 14 6.9% 15 - 24 11.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.4% 55 - 64 12.9% 65 - 74 12.9% 65 - 74 12.9% 75 - 84 6.1% 85 + 1.7% 15 - 84 6.1% 85 + 1.7% 16 - 76 85 + 1.7% 17 - 76 80 4 3,005 2021 Population by Sex Males 40,763 Females 43,005 Females 49,673 2026 Population by Sex Males 47,580 Females 49,673 2026 Population by Sex			
55 - 64 13.0% 65 - 74 10.0% 75 - 84 4.7% 85 + 1.5% 18 + 76.4% 2026 Population by Age Total 104,702 0 - 4 6.0% 5 - 9 6.5% 10 - 14 6.9% 15 - 24 11.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 35 - 44 12.3% 45 - 54 12.4% 55 - 64 12.9% 65 - 74 10.4% 85 + 1.7% 85 + 1.7% 85 + 1.7% 85 + 1.7% 85 + 1.7% 86 + 40,763 87 + 1.0% 88 + 40,763 89 + 40,763 80 + 40,763 81 + 6.9% 820 + 40,763 82 + 40,763 84 + 6.9% 85 + 1.361 86 + 40,763 87 - 40,763 88 +			
65 - 74 10.0% 75 - 84 1.5% 85 + 1.5% 85 + 1.5% 18 + 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.4% 76.5% 10 - 14 6.0% 10 - 14 6.9% 15 - 24 11.3% 25 - 34 11.3% 25 - 34 12.3% 45 - 54 12.3% 45 - 54 12.4% 75 - 64 12.5% 75 - 64			
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Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2010 Summary File 1. Esri forecasts for 2021 and 2026 Esri converted Census 2000 data into 2010 geography.	Females		
	Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Cen	sus 2010 Summary File 1. Esri forecasts for 2021 and 2026 Esri converted Census	

NEGRC

Community Profile

Walton County, GA Walton County, GA (13297) Prepared by Esri

2010 Population by Race/Ethnicity Total White Alone Black Alone American Indian Alone	Walton County 83,76 80.19
Total White Alone Black Alone	
White Alone Black Alone	
Black Alone	
	15.69
A THE FEET THE HEILE	0.39
Asian Alone	1.19
Pacific Islander Alone	0.19
Some Other Race Alone	1.49
Two or More Races	1.59
Hispanic Origin	3.29
Diversity Index	37.
2021 Population by Race/Ethnicity	
Total	97,25
White Alone	74.09
Black Alone	19.59
American Indian Alone	0.39
Asian Alone	1.99
Pacific Islander Alone	0.19
Some Other Race Alone	2.10
Two or More Races	2.0
Hispanic Origin	5.29
Diversity Index	47.
2026 Population by Race/Ethnicity	
Total	104,70
White Alone	71.29
Black Alone	21.59
American Indian Alone	0.39
Asian Alone	2.29
Pacific Islander Alone	0.19
Some Other Race Alone	2.39
Two or More Races	2.39
Hispanic Origin	6.29
Diversity Index	51.
2010 Population by Relationship and Household Type	
Total	83,76
In Households	99.29
In Family Households	89.49
Householder	27.4
Spouse	20.69
Child	34.79
Other relative	4.49
Nonrelative	2.29
In Nonfamily Households	9.89
In Group Quarters	0.89
Institutionalized Population	0.89
Noninstitutionalized Population	0.09

Data Note: Persons of Hispanic Origin may be of any race. The Diversity Index measures the probability that two people from the same area will be from different race/ ethnic groups.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2010 Summary File 1. Esri forecasts for 2021 and 2026 Esri converted Census 2000 data into 2010 geography.

January 20, 2022

REGIONAL COMMISSION	Walton County, GA	Prepared by Es
	Walton County, GA (13297) Geography: County	Frepared by Ls
	3 , , ,	Walton County.
2021 Population 25+ by Edu	cational Attainment	
Total		66,69
Less than 9th Grade		2.9° 8.9°
9th - 12th Grade, No Diploma High School Graduate	1	30.19
GED/Alternative Credential		5.39
Some College, No Degree		20.99
Associate Degree		8.49
Bachelor's Degree		15.29
Graduate/Professional Degre	e	8.29
2021 Population 15+ by Mai	ital Status	
Total		78,16
Never Married		28.59
Married		55.39
Widowed		6.09
Divorced	in Labou Fausa	10.29
2021 Civilian Population 16-	F IN Labor Force	46.27
Civilian Population 16+		46,27 96.19
Population 16+ Employed Population 16+ Unemployme	nt rato	3.99
Population 16-24 Employer		11.49
Population 16-24 Unemplo		4.89
Population 25-54 Employer		65.69
Population 25-54 Unemplo		4.29
Population 55-64 Employe	1	17.49
Population 55-64 Unemplo	yment rate	2.69
Population 65+ Employed		5.69
Population 65+ Unemployment rate		3.29
2021 Employed Population 1	6+ by Industry	
Total		44,44
Agriculture/Mining		0.79
Construction		10.99
Manufacturing Wholesale Trade		11.8º 3.9º
Retail Trade		13.59
Transportation/Utilities		7.99
Information		1.19
Finance/Insurance/Real Estat	e	6.39
Services		38.69
Public Administration		5.19
2021 Employed Population 1	6+ by Occupation	
Total		44,44
White Collar		57.69
Management/Business/Fina	ncial	15.99
Professional		17.09
Sales		10.50
Administrative Support		14.29
Services Blue Collar		13.3° 29.1°
Farming/Forestry/Fishing		0.69
Construction/Extraction		7.19
Installation/Maintenance/R	epair	5.89
Production		6.79
Transportation/Material Mo	ving	9.09
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Cens	us 2010 Summary File 1. Esri forecasts for 2021 and 2026 Esri converted Censu	is 2000 data into 2010 geography.

	Walton County, GA (13297) Geography: County			Pre	pared by Es
		2015 - 2019 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabili
TOTALS					
Total Population		91,442		0	
Total Households		31,670		420	
Total Housing Units		33,794		90	
POPULATION AGE 3+ YEAR	RS BY SCHOOL ENROLLMENT				
Total		88,191	100.0%	245	
Enrolled in school		23,641	26.8%	569	
Enrolled in nursery school	ol, preschool	1,617	1.8%	295	
Public school		1,009	1.1%	235	
Private school		608	0.7%	196	
Enrolled in kindergarten		1,225	1.4%	260	
Public school Private school		1,096 129	1.2% 0.1%	256 69	
Enrolled in grade 1 to gr	rado 4	5,070	5.7%	434	
Public school	aue 4	4,491	5.1%	445	<u> </u>
Private school		579	0.7%	138	
Enrolled in grade 5 to gr	ade 8	5,491	6.2%	457	
Public school		4,747	5.4%	464	
Private school		744	0.8%	201	
Enrolled in grade 9 to gr	ade 12	5,660	6.4%	336	
Public school		5,041	5.7%	339	-
Private school		619	0.7%	188	Ī
Enrolled in college under	rgraduate years	3,988	4.5%	450	
Public school		3,348	3.8%	416	
Private school		640	0.7%	198	
Enrolled in graduate or p	professional school	590	0.7%	230	
Public school		442	0.5%	210	
Private school		148	0.2%	76	
Not enrolled in school		64,550	73.2%	543	
POPULATION AGE 65+ BY	RELATIONSHIP AND HOUSEHOLD TYP	PE			
Total		13,860	100.0%	90	
Living in Households		13,516	97.5%	143	
Living in Family Households	S	10,252	74.0%	389	
Householder		5,070	36.6%	307	
Spouse		3,836	27.7%	276	
Parent		680	4.9%	187	
Parent-in-law		311 339	2.2%	145	
Other Relative Nonrelative		16	2.4% 0.1%	154 28	
	oolds	3,264	23.5%	374	
Living in Nonfamily Househ Householder	iolas	3,055	22.0%	341	-
Nonrelative		209	1.5%	115	<u> </u>
Living in Group Quarters		344	2.5%	124	

37

January 20, 2022

REGIONAL COMMISSION	Walton County, GA Walton County, GA (13297) Geography: County			Pre	pared by Es
		2015 - 2019 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabilit
WORKERS AGE 16+ YEA	RS BY PLACE OF WORK				
Total		41,094	100.0% 40.6%	891	Ш
Worked in state and in co		16,668		912	
Worked in state and outs Worked outside state of	•	23,950 476	58.3% 1.2%	1,001 144	Ш
worked outside state of	residence	470	1.2%	144	I
SEX BY CLASS OF WORK AND OVER	ER FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED PO	PULATION 16 YEARS			
Total:		41,903	100.0%	903	<u> </u>
Male:		22,321	53.3%	577	
Employee of private of	ompany	15,652	37.4%	771	
Self-employed in own	incorporated business	1,874	4.5%	328	
Private not-for-profit v	vage and salary workers	484	1.2%	144	
Local government wor	kers	1,658	4.0%	289	
State government wor	kers	424	1.0%	137	
Federal government w	orkers	487	1.2%	171	
Self-employed in own	not incorporated business workers	1,692	4.0%	285	1
Unpaid family workers		50	0.1%	56	
Female:		19,582	46.7%	694	Ī
Employee of private of	ompany	13,009	31.0%	667	<u> </u>
Self-employed in own	incorporated business	689	1.6%	204	I
Private not-for-profit v	vage and salary workers	1,187	2.8%	215	1
Local government wor	kers	2,426	5.8%	352	
State government wor	kers	924	2.2%	197	П
Federal government w	orkers	272	0.6%	109	I
Self-employed in own	not incorporated business workers	1,047	2.5%	256	I
Unpaid family workers		28	0.1%	30	
POPULATION IN HOUSE	HOLDS AND PRESENCE OF A COMPUT	ER 90,587	100.0%	194	
Population <18 in House	holds	22,869	25.2%	132	
Have a Computer		22,361	24.7%	357	
Have NO Computer		508	0.6%	336	
Population 18-64 in House	seholds	54,202	59.8%	220	
Have a Computer		52,425	57.9%	502	
Have NO Computer		1,777	2.0%	440	Ī
Population 65+ in House	holds	13,516	14.9%	143	_
Have a Computer		11,098	12.3%	411	Ī
Have NO Computer		2,418	2.7%	405	
HOUSEHOLDS AND INTE	RNET SUBSCRIPTIONS		100.00		
Total		31,670	100.0%	420	Ш
With an Internet Subscri	ption	26,115	82.5%	672	<u> </u>
Dial-Up Alone		97	0.3%	51	Ш
Broadband		21,987	69.4%	624	
Satellite Service		3,069	9.7%	399	Ш
Other Service	0.1	254	0.8%	122	<u> </u>
Internet Access with no	Subscription	756	2.4%	182	I
With No Internet Access		4,799	15.2%	561	
Source: U.S. Conque Bureau, 2015	-2019 American Community Survey	Poli	ability: III high	Ⅲ medium ■	low
30di Ce. 0.3. Census Bureau, 2013	-2019 American community Survey	Kell	ability. III lligii		iary 20, 202

REGIONAL COMMISSION Wa	CS Population Sun olton County, GA olton County, GA (13297) ography: County	,		Prepa	ared by Es
		2015 - 2019 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabili
WORKERS AGE 16+ YEARS BY M TO WORK	EANS OF TRANSPORTATION	AGS Estimate	refeelt	1102(1)	Kellubili
Total		41,094	100.0%	891	
Drove alone		33,606	81.8%	1,099	
Carpooled		4,455	10.8%	646	
Public transportation (excluding t	axicah)	54	0.1%	53	
Bus or trolley bus	,	24	0.1%	25	
Light rail, streetcar or trolley		0	0.0%	31	_
Subway or elevated		0	0.0%	31	
·		0			
Long-distance/Commuter Train			0.0%	31	_
Ferryboat		30	0.1%	46	
Taxicab		31	0.1%	38	
Motorcycle		55	0.1%	72	
Bicycle		33	0.1%	51	
Walked		543	1.3%	217	
Other means		433	1.1%	192	
Worked at home		1,884	4.6%	304	
WORKERS AGE 16+ YEARS (WH	O DID NOT WORK FROM HOME)				
BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK					
Total		39,210	100.0%	899	
Less than 5 minutes		887	2.3%	229	
5 to 9 minutes		2,213	5.6%	370	
10 to 14 minutes		4,330	11.0%	537	
15 to 19 minutes		4,822	12.3%	509	
20 to 24 minutes		4,402	11.2%	472	
25 to 29 minutes		2,269	5.8%	415	
30 to 34 minutes		5,433	13.9%	502	
35 to 39 minutes		1,370	3.5%	266	
40 to 44 minutes		2,055	5.2%	375	
45 to 59 minutes		4,435	11.3%	537	
60 to 89 minutes		5,096	13.0%	640	
90 or more minutes		1,898	4.8%	280	
Average Travel Time to Work (in	minutes)	33.3		1.3	
FEMALES AGE 20-64 YEARS BY A	AGE OF OWN CHILDREN AND EM	PLOYMENT STATUS			
Total		26,917	100.0%	123	
Own children under 6 years only		2,578	9.6%	390	
In labor force		1,870	6.9%	339	
Not in labor force		708	2.6%	222	
Own children under 6 years and	5 to 17 years	2,076	7.7%	263	
In labor force		1,409	5.2%	275	
Not in labor force		667	2.5%	179	
Own children 6 to 17 years only In labor force		6,064	22.5%	502	
Not in labor force		4,475	16.6% 5.9%	473	
No own children under 18 years		1,589 16,199	60.2%	363 638	
In labor force		11,134	41.4%	689	
Not in labor force		5,065	18.8%	457	
		,			
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 An	nerican Community Survey	Re	eliability: III high	III medium	low

PECIONAL COMMISSION					
REGIONAL COMMISSION	Walton County, GA Walton County, GA (13297) Geography: County			Pre	pared by Esi
		2015 - 2019 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabilit
HOUSEHOLDS BY OTHE	R INCOME				
Social Security Income		10,817	34.2%	414	11
No Social Security Inco	me	20,853	65.8%	563	•
Retirement Income		6,859	21.7%	438	•
No Retirement Income		24,811	78.3%	582	-
GROSS RENT AS A PER	CENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN	,,			
THE PAST 12 MONTHS					
<10% of Income		102	1.3%	71	
10-14.9% of Income		557	6.8%	177	
15-19.9% of Income		1,181	14.5%	253	1
20-24.9% of Income		840	10.3%	245	11
25-29.9% of Income		789	9.7%	243	11
30-34.9% of Income		536	6.6%	142	1
35-39.9% of Income		687	8.4%	206	
40-49.9% of Income		802	9.8%	244	I
50+% of Income		2,164	26.5%	384	
Gross Rent % Inc Not 0	Computed	495	6.1%	146	II.
HOUSEHOLDS BY PUBL	IC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN THE PAST				
12 MONTHS					
Total		31,670	100.0%	420	I
With public assistance		566	1.8%	166	
No public assistance in	come	31,104	98.2%	443	
HOUSEHOLDS BY FOOD	STAMPS/SNAP STATUS				
Total		31,670	100.0%	420	
With Food Stamps/SNA		3,609	11.4%	401	11
With No Food Stamps/	SNAP	28,061	88.6%	549	<u> </u>
HOUSEHOLDS BY DISA	BILITY STATUS				
Total		31,670	100.0%	420	11
With 1+ Persons w/Dis	ability	8,890	28.1%	630	
With No Person w/Disa	bility	22,780	71.9%	789	11

Data Note: N/A means not available. Population by Ratio of Income to Poverty Level represents persons for whom poverty status is determined. Household income represents income in 2017, adjusted for inflation.

2015-2019 ACS Estimate: The American Community Survey (ACS) replaces census sample data. Esri is releasing the 2015-2019 ACS estimates, five-year period data collected monthly from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019. Although the ACS includes many of the subjects previously covered by the decennial census sample, there are significant differences between the two surveys including fundamental differences in survey design and residency rules.

Margin of error (MOE): The MOE is a measure of the variability of the estimate due to sampling error. MOEs enable the data user to measure the range of uncertainty for each estimate with 90 percent confidence. The range of uncertainty is called the confidence interval, and it is calculated by taking the estimate +/- the MOE. For example, if the ACS reports an estimate of 100 with an MOE of +/- 20, then you can be 90 percent certain the value for the whole population falls between 80 and 120.

Reliability: These symbols represent threshold values that Esri has established from the Coefficients of Variation (CV) to designate the usability of the estimates. The CV measures the amount of sampling error relative to the size of the estimate, expressed as a percentage.

- High Reliability: Small CVs (less than or equal to 12 percent) are flagged green to indicate that the sampling error is small relative to the estimate and the estimate is reasonably reliable.
- Medium Reliability: Estimates with CVs between 12 and 40 are flagged yellow-use with caution.
- Low Reliability: Large CVs (over 40 percent) are flagged red to indicate that the sampling error is large relative to the estimate. The estimate is considered very unreliable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey

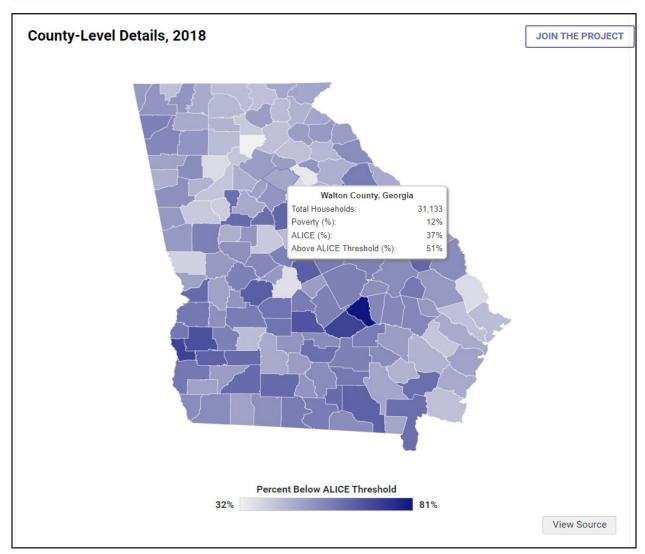
Reliability: III high II medium II low

January 20, 2022

Page 8 of 8

Regional Commission	Walton County, GA Walton County, GA (13297) Geography: County			Pre	pared by Esi
		2015-2019 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliability
	IG UNITS BY CONTRACT RENT				
Total		8,153	100.0%	527	<u> </u>
With cash rent Less than \$100		7,721 358	94.7% 4.4%	536 187	
\$100 to \$149		74	0.9%	44	<u> </u>
\$150 to \$199		70	0.9%	65	ï
\$200 to \$249		36	0.4%	57	i
\$250 to \$299		184	2.3%	147	ī
\$300 to \$349		128	1.6%	83	
\$350 to \$399		272	3.3%	156	II
\$400 to \$449		305	3.7%	143	1
\$450 to \$499		357	4.4%	153	II
\$500 to \$549		317	3.9%	124	1
\$550 to \$599		150	1.8%	85	
\$600 to \$649		768	9.4%	226	<u> </u>
\$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749		321 589	3.9% 7.2%	147 208	
\$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$799		724	7.2% 8.9%	208	
\$800 to \$899		951	11.7%	251	<u> </u>
\$900 to \$999		693	8.5%	194	<u> </u>
\$1,000 to \$1,249		902	11.1%	264	
\$1,250 to \$1,499		293	3.6%	118	
\$1,500 to \$1,999		180	2.2%	81	I
\$2,000 to \$2,499		40	0.5%	38	
\$2,500 to \$2,999		0	0.0%	31	
\$3,000 to \$3,499		0	0.0%	31	
\$3,500 or more		9	0.1%	13	
No cash rent		432	5.3%	128	II
Median Contract Rent		\$744		\$29	11
Average Contract Rent		\$738		\$78	
UTILITIES IN RENT	IG UNITS BY INCLUSION OF				
Total		8,153	100.0%	527	<u> </u>
Pay extra for one or more u	tilities	7,780	95.4%	523	1
No extra payment for any u		373	4.6%	143	
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-20	19 American Community Survey		Reliability: III high	Ⅲ medium ▮	low

REGIONAL COMMISSION	Walton County, GA Walton County, GA (13297) Geography: County			Pre	pared by Es
		2015-2019 ACS Estimate	Percent	MOE(±)	Reliabilit
HOUSING UNITS BY UN	ITS IN STRUCTURE				
Total		33,794	100.0%	90	II.
1, detached 1, attached		28,047 625	83.0% 1.8%	491 186	
2		1,040	3.1%	250	
3 or 4		542	1.6%	150	ï
5 to 9		630	1.9%	203	
10 to 19		148	0.4%	122	
20 to 49		35	0.1%	35	
50 or more		82	0.2%	76	
Mobile home		2,596	7.7%	347	
Boat, RV, van, etc.	AD STRUCTURE RULL T	49	0.1%	57	
HOUSING UNITS BY YEA Total	AK SIKUCIUKE BUILI	33,794	100.0%	90	
Built 2014 or later		33,794 943	2.8%	196	
Built 2010 to 2013		598	1.8%	189	
Built 2000 to 2009		9,219	27.3%	610	
Built 1990 to 1999		9,810	29.0%	458	
Built 1980 to 1989		5,696	16.9%	499	Ī
Built 1970 to 1979		3,006	8.9%	420	1
Built 1960 to 1969		1,942	5.7%	326	
Built 1950 to 1959		942	2.8%	228	
Built 1940 to 1949		559	1.7%	191	П
Built 1939 or earlier		1,079	3.2%	247	
Median Year Structure Bui	lt	1994		1	
INTO UNIT Total		31,670	100.0%	420	
Owner occupied					_
Moved in 2017 or late		1,499	4.7%	269	
Moved in 2015 to 20:		2,173	6.9%	321	
Moved in 2010 to 20: Moved in 2000 to 20:		3,485 9,037	11.0% 28.5%	308 559	
Moved in 1990 to 199		4,443	14.0%	421	- 1
Moved in 1989 or ear		2,880	9.1%	350	
Renter occupied					_
Moved in 2017 or late	er	1,029	3.2%	207	
Moved in 2015 to 20:		2,007	6.3%	307	
Moved in 2010 to 20:		3,406	10.8%	422	
Moved in 2000 to 200		1,397	4.4%	327	
Moved in 1990 to 1990 Moved in 1989 or ear		99	0.3%	78 97	
Moved IU 1989 Or ear	iiei	215	0.7%	97	
Median Year Householder	Moved Into Unit	2008		1	I
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 201	5-2019 American Community Survey		Reliability: III high	Ⅲ medium ■	low



County-level ALICE ("Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed") detals for Walton County, 2018, from https://www.unitedforalice.org/national-overview

4/15/22, 1:37 PM H+T Fact Sheets







Municipality: Good Hope, GA

Traditional measures of housing affordability ignore transportation costs. Typically a household's second-largest expenditure, transportation costs are largely a function of the characteristics of the neighborhood in which a household chooses to live. Location Matters. Compact and dynamic neighborhoods with walkable streets and high access to jobs, transit, and a wide variety of businesses are more efficient, affordable, and sustainable.

The statistics below are modeled for the Regional Typical Household. Income: \$57,000 Commuters: 1.20 Household Size: 2.77 (Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA)





Places that are compact, close to jobs and services, with a variety of transportation choices, allow people to spend less time, energy, and money on transportation.

0%

Percent of location efficient neighborhoods

Neighborhood Characteristic Scores (1-10)

As compared to neighborhoods in all 955 U.S. regions in the Index

Access

AllTransit
Performance Score

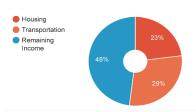
Compact Neighborhood

Very low access to jobs

Car-dependent with very limited or no access to public transportation Very low density and limited walkability



Factoring in both housing *and* transportation costs provides a more comprehensive way of thinking about the cost of housing and true affordability.



Transportation Costs

In dispersed areas, people need to own more vehicles and rely upon driving them farther distances which also drives up the cost of living.



\$16,318 Annual Transportation Costs



2.31
Autos Per Household



26,857 Average Household VMT



10.96 Tonnes

Annual Greenhouse Gas per Household

4/15/22, 1:37 PM H+T Fact Sheets

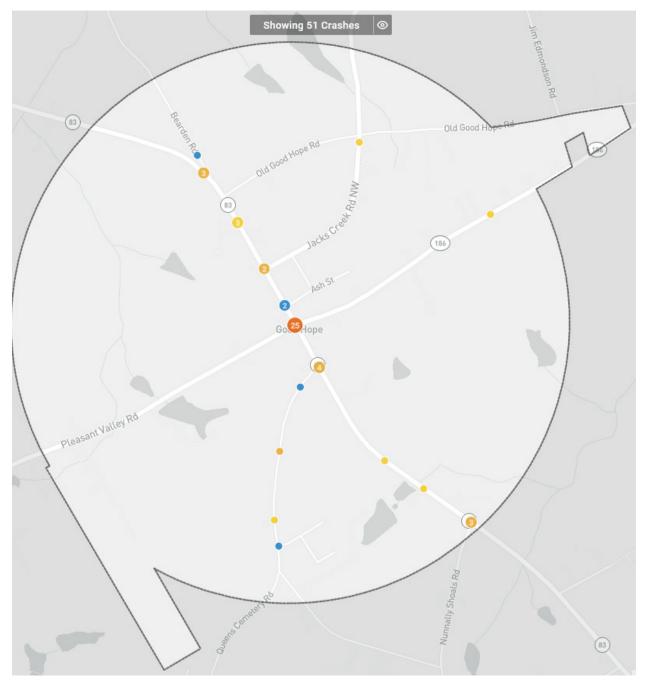




H+T Metrics

Affordability		Demographics	
Housing + Transportation Costs % Income:	51%	Block Groups:	(
Housing Costs % Income:	23%	Households:	39
Transportation Costs % Income:	29%	Population:	103
Household Transportation Model Outputs		Environmental Characteristics	
Autos per Household:	2.31	Residential Density 2010:	0.08 HHs/Res
Annual Vehicle Miles Traveled per Household:	26,857		Acre
Transit Ridership % of Workers:	0%	Gross Household Density:	0.03 HH/Acre
Annual Transportation Cost:	\$16,318	Regional Household Intensity:	3,409 HH/mile
Annual Auto Ownership Cost:	\$12,597	Percent Single Family Detached Households:	89%
Annual VMT Cost:	\$3,722	Employment Access Index:	2,877 Jobs/mi
Annual Transit Cost:	\$0	Employment Mix Index (0-100):	84
Annual Transit Trips:	0	Transit Connectivity Index (0-100):	(
		Transit Access Shed:	0 km
Housing Costs		Jobs Accessible in 30 Minute Transit Ride:	(
Average Monthly Housing Cost:	\$1.072	Available Transit Trips per Week:	(
Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs:	\$1.063	Average Block Perimeter:	3,987 Meter
Median Gross Monthly Rent:	\$1,172	Average Block Size :	241 Acre
,		Intersection Density:	4 /mi
Percent Owner Occupied Housing Units:	92%		
Percent Renter Occupied Housing Unit:	8%		
Greenhouse Gas from Household Auto Use			
Annual GHG per Household:	10.96 Tonnes		
Annual GHG per Acre:	0.36 Tonnes		

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 $Recorded\ crashes\ in\ Good\ Hope,\ 2013-2020,\ from\ \underline{https://gdot.numetric.com/crash-query\#/metrics}.$

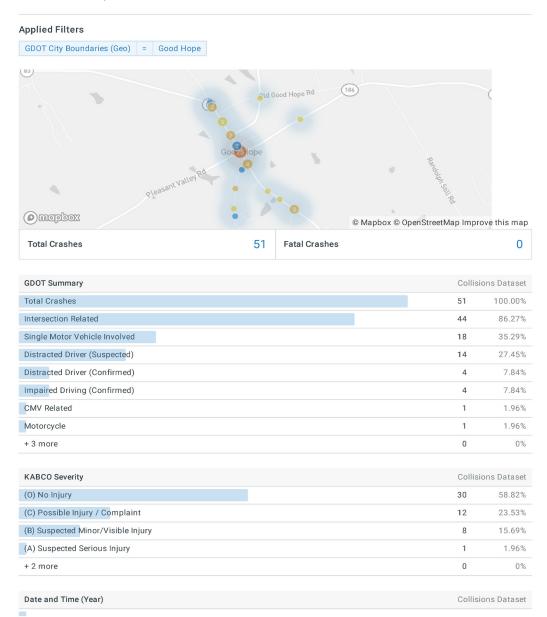
CRASH SUMMARY REPORT

Good Hope Crash Data

Created on September 21, 2021 Created by Stephen Jaques

Data extents: February 10, 2013 to November 13, 2020





2020	1	1.969
2019	7	13.739
2018	5	9.80
2017	5	9.80
2016	10	19.61
2015	13	25.49
2014	6	11.76
2013	4	7.84
Date and Time (Hour of Day)	Collisio	ons Datase
2 am - 4 am	1	1.96
4 am - 6 am	1	1.96
6 am - 8 am	4	7.84
8 am - 10 am	3	5.88
10 am - 12 pm	7	13.73
12 pm - 2 pm	7	13.73
2 pm - 4 pm	6	11.76
4 pm - 6 pm	9	17.65
+ 4 more	13	25.48
Manner of Collision	Collisio	ons Datase
Angle (Other)	20	39.22
Not a Collision with Motor Vehicle	18	35.29
Rear End	7	13.73
Left Angle Crash	4	7.84
Right Angle Crash	1	1.96
Sideswipe-Opposite Direction	1	1.96
+ 3 more	0	0
Location at Impact	Collisio	ons Datase
On Roadway - Roadway Intersection	29	56.86
Off Roadway	13	25.49
On Roadway - Non-Intersection	4	7.84
On Shoulder	3	5.88
On Roadway - Driveway Intersection	2	3.92
+ 12 more	0	0
Most Harmful Event	Collisio	ons Datase
Motor Vehicle in Motion	33	64.71
motor vernore in wiction	33	U4./ I

Culvert	3	5.88%
Over Turn	3	5.88%
Animal	2	3.92%
Ditch	2	3.92%
Embankment	2	3.92%
Other Non-Collision	2	3.92%
Tree	2	3.92%
+ 30 more	4	7.84%
Operator / Driver Contributing Factor	Collision	ons Dataset
No Contributing Factors	32	62.75%
Failure to Yield	17	33.33%
(None)	5	9.80%
Changed Lanes Improperly	4	7.84%
Following Too Close	4	7.84%
Inattentive or Other Distraction (Distracted)	4	7.84%
Improper Backing	2	3.92%
Misjudged Clearance	2	3.92%
+ 35 more	8	15.68%

Survey Responses

1.	Do you feel that the local government manages land use and zoning appropriately in your community? If not,
	explain what changes you would make:

- a. They do an ok job, possibly could do better.
- b. Keep good hope Ag
- c. Land use and zoning done through Walton County. There is nothing local.
- 2. Are there any activities you would like to do in your community but cannot? Explain:
 - a. No (1)
 - b. No response (2)
- 3. Are the streets and sidewalks adequately maintained?
 - a. Yes (2)
 - b. No response (1)
- 4. If no, where are the streets or sidewalks in most need of repair?
 - a. No response (3)
- 5. Is the community safe, comfortable, and inviting for people to walk or bike to activities, jobs, shopping, dining, services, etc.?
 - a. Yes (2)
 - b. No response (1)
- 6. Does your community have any traffic issues?
 - a. Yes (2)
 - b. No (31)
- 7. If yes, what are the specific traffic issues (check all that apply)
 - a. It always takes too long to get (1)
 - b. Predictable peaks like rush hour (1)
- 8. In your opinion, is park space within your community easily accessible to all residents? If not, explain:
 - a. Yes some
 - b. This answer is pertaining to traffic The traffic issues are just around the corner with the developers building so much here and surrounding communities
- 9. Are there any persistent public safety issues in your community (dangerous intersections, sanitation, crime, run-down properties, etc.)? If yes, please explain
 - a. Some intersections can be dangerous, and a few run down areas.
 - b. No response (2)

Survey Responses (cont.)

- 10. How would you rate the water & sewer services in your community:
 - a. Good (1)
 - b. Average (2)
- 11. How would you rate the emergency response services in your community:
 - a. Excellent (1)
 - b. Very good (2)
- 12. How would you rate the internet services in your community:
 - a. Average (1)
 - b. Poor (2)
- 13. How would you rate the leisure/recreation services in your community:
 - a. Excellent (1)
 - b. Average (2)
- 14. Are there adequate housing options to meet the future needs of the community?
 - a. Yes (2)
 - b. No (1)
- 15. What is the most immediate housing need within your community? Explain.
 - a. Young married couples that can't afford large house payments, but would maintain their property well.
 - b. I'm afraid over development. Lots of houses going up. Limited roads and access poor quality of schools all the new homes aimed at families will just create a larger problem for the already struggling school system. If I did not homeschool I would not live in this area due to the school system. The fear is this small piece of the country will soon look like every other town; overcrowded and underfunded failing schools.
 - c. What is a defining characteristic of your community that you would like to see preserved?

16. Rural appeal.

- a. Farming and large lots I know we cannot stop folks from selling their land but hopefully we can keep the lots larger like Madison county and keep the Agricultural aspect so we don't lose our right that we enjoy on our property already m.
- b. This is a rural community and I would like to see it remain so. The whole area around Good Hope seems to be for sale and we have no input into this.

Survey Responses (cont.)

- 17. List three small actions your local government could take to improve the quality of life in your neighborhood/community:
 - a. 1)controlled growth 2) controlled growth 3) controlled growth improvements
 - b. 1) Not allow lower income housing 2) keep a minimum of at least 2-5 acres for new builds 3) how will our roads support large developments?
 - c. No response (1)
- 18. "What are the most important projects that the community should complete over the next five years?
 - a. Improve internet services.
 - b. Internet
 - c. No response (1)

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COMPREHENSIVE PLAN